

# X-ray Fluorescence (XRF) Analysis

**Laboratory :** Oxford RL Materials Lab

**Date :** 2025-10-28

## 1. Purpose & Scope

This report documents non-destructive XRF analysis conducted on artifact RP-2025-01 (metal plate). Objectives were to identify principal alloying elements, quantify trace constituents, and assess compositional homogeneity across the surface.

## 1. Sampling & Preparation

- Visual inspection under 5000K illumination; loose particulates removed with air puffer.
  - No cleaning, polishing, or coatings applied.
  - Five regions of interest (ROIs) selected to avoid corrosion pustules and edges.

### 2.1 Regions of Interest (ROI)

ROI	Position	Surface note
--- --- ---		
1	Upper left quadrant	Smooth patina, no visible inclusions
2	Upper right quadrant	Faint scratch parallel to edge
3	Center	Light micro-pitting; used for macro photo
4	Lower left	Slight darker patina band
5	Lower right	Near engraving cluster; stable surface

## 1. Instrumentation & Settings

- Bruker Tracer 5g with factory calibration bronze mode.
  - Tube: 40 kV, 12  $\mu$ A; dual filter (Ti/Al); 120 s live time per run.
  - Collimation: 3 mm spot; detector: SDD.
  - Standards: NIST SRM 610 (glass) and in-house Cu-Sn bronze standard (certified).
  - QA: drift checks every 30 min; duplicates at ROI 1 and ROI 4.

## 1. Results

## 4.1 Mean composition (wt%) across ROIs

---

Element	Mean	$\sigma$	DL
Cu	87.3	0.4	0.05
Sn	9.8	0.3	0.03
Pb	0.6	0.1	0.02
As	0.4	0.1	0.02
Fe	0.3	0.1	0.02
Ni	0.2	0.1	0.02
Others	<0.1	—	—

## 4.2 Per-ROI results (wt%)

---

ROI	Cu	Sn	Pb	As	Fe	Ni
1	87.5	9.6	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
2	87.2	9.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
3	87.1	9.9	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2
4	87.4	9.7	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2
5	87.3	9.8	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2

### 1. Spectral Interpretation

---

- Dominant Cu K $\alpha$ /K $\beta$  and Sn K $\alpha$  peaks present across all ROIs.
  - Minor Pb L lines observed; As K $\alpha$  discernible above DL.
  - Background subtraction performed; matrix corrections applied using bronze mode.
  - No Zn or Al peaks above DL, arguing against brass admixture or modern aluminum contamination.

### 1. QA/QC & Uncertainty

---

- Duplicate runs at ROI 1 & 4: Cu, Sn RSD < 1%; trace elements RSD < 10%.
  - Accuracy vs SRM 610 within  $\pm 2\%$  relative (Cu, Sn channels).

- Detection limits as listed; uncertainties reflect counting statistics and calibration model.

## 1. Photodocumentation

---

- Figure 1: Overview of RP-2025-01 with ROI map overlay.
- Figure 2: Macro image of ROI-3 showing patina and micro-pitting.
- Figures 3a-3e: Annotated spectra for ROIs 1-5 (appendix).

## 1. Interpretation

---

The artifact is a Cu-Sn tin bronze with trace Pb/As typical of historical smelting practice. The composition lies within documented ancient bronze ranges used for durable, information-bearing objects.

## 1. Conclusions

---

RP-2025-01 composition is consistent with a historical tin bronze alloy; no evidence for modern brass or aluminum contamination. Homogeneity suggests intentional alloying.

## 1. Sign-off

---

Analyst: Dr Priya Raman

Lab Supervisor: Dr Alan Reeves

Oxford RL Materials Lab

Contact: [materials@theronwaproject.com](mailto:materials@theronwaproject.com) · +44 131 650 1234

## Appendix A — Instrument & Calibration Details

---

- Detector resolution, dead-time corrections, live-time targets.
  - Standard spectra overlays and residuals.

## Appendix B — Annotated Spectra (ROIs 1-5)

---

Image placeholders and callouts for line identifications.